ONE POINT OVERLOOKED.

HEADACHES.

REVEAL POINTS WHICH STRONGLY SUP-

and Miss Fuller had used all but the few that remained. This circumstance makes it clear that for mained. This circumstance makes it clear that for mained and all most up to the day of hor large and all mos

five full cartridges in its chambers. But the circumstances of that day now proved, make it cercumstances of that day now proved, make it certain that Masse himself could not have loaded it without observation. On that Saturday morning Miss Fuller, Max Josephson and Burton reached the office at the same time—9 a. m. Masse arrived two minutes later. Between 9 and 10 o'clock, when he fet the office to attend the Supreme Court of Kings County, in Brooklyn, he sat at his desk dictating letters to Miss Fuller, and under the eye of Josephson and Burton, who have desks in the outer rooms. At 11 o'clock he returned and remained in the office with Miss Fuller until 11:30, when he received the woman visitor, about whom so much his been said and who answers the description given of and the woman visitor, about whom so much his said and who answers the description given of Magee. On the stroke of noon he left the with the visitor, and a few minutes later Misser, after asking Josephson to help her in puton her jacket, went out to her luncheon. Mr. en, who had been detained in the Court of Complens, reached the office at 12:10. Magee and Fuller were both at luncheon, and he went to Astor House. At 2 o'clock he returned. Misser was at her desk, but Magee was still away did not again appear until 3 o'clock. From until 4:49 Mr. Mullen, Magee and Miss Fuller together. At 4:40 Mr. Mullen went home, leav-Miss Fuller and Magee at work, the latter diegemer letters.

FOR THE NATIONAL SAENGERFEST.

THE REHEARSALS NOW IN PROGRESS IN ALL THE LARGE CITIES-A LIST OF PROMINENT HONORARY MEMBERS.

The National Saengerfest, which will begin at the Madison Square Garden on Saturplay evening. June 23, has now assumed gigan-tic proportions. As before announced, there will be e chorus of 16,000 voices. Mme. Materna has been engaged as one of a large number of vocal soloists, and Miss Maud Powell as one of the instrumentalists. An enormous orchestra of the best musicians, under the combined direction of Heinrich Zöllner and F. Van der Stucken, will accompany the singers in many of the numbers, while others will have a hand. The rehearsals of the resident city organiment of the directors, Zöllner and Van der Stucken their aids. The evening performances be given Saturday, Sunday and Monsinging will take place on Sunday and Monday, June 24 and 25. Following is the list, in part, of the Honorary Reception Committee:

E. P. Barker, Henry Bischoff, jr., Julius Bien, Chauncey M. Depew, A. B. De Freece, J. C. De La Vergne, Alfred Dolge, Franklin Edson, George Ehret, Simon M. Ehrlich, Ashbel P. Fitch, Roswell P. Flower, Dr. A. Gerster, Leonard A. Giegerich, Mayor Gilroy, Hugh J. Grant, Randolph Guggen-heimer, Otto Hubach, Theodore W. Myers, Joseph M. Ohmeis, Oswald Ottendorfer and Herrmann

the end of this month the Committee on In-tion will proceed to Washington, in order to in-At the end of this month the Committee on Invitation will proceed to Washington, in order to invite the President and Mrs. Cleveland to attend the festival as honorary guests of the organization. The committee consists of Richard Adams, president of the German Liederkranz; Dr. Joseph Senner, Commissioner of Emigration, Charles C. F. Wahle, ir., Commissioner of City Accounts, and Richard Katzenmayer, president of the Saengerfest, J. W. Morrissey, who managed the Imperial German bands for Henry Villard, and the Adelina Patti Popular Musical Festival for the Garden company, has been appointed business manager by the unanimous vote of the committee.

BUFFALO COAL FREIGHTS REDUCED.

HOLDING TO TIDEWATER PRICES-A POLICY LIKELY TO INVITE A COAL WAR.

The freight agents of the anthracite coal carrying companies made a slight concession yesterday to the popular demand for lower coal freights, the preliminary to the concession in cheaper fuel demanded by all the consumers of coal. It was voted at a meeting held at the Central Building, at Liberty and West sts., to reduce the charge from the mines to Buffalo from \$2.25 a ton to \$2 a ton. The question of rates from the mines to Atlantic tidewater was discussed without result. No formal reduction was made, but the proposed reduction of 25 cents in harmony with the lowering of the Western rates

was not submitted to vote.

The result of the coal meeting was generally regarded in coal circles as a shirking of the real issue. The reduction in rates to the West was inevitable. It is believed by coal men generally that lower Eastern rates must be made soon. Already the action of the Lehigh Valley in settling with its independent shippers on the basis of 40 per cent of the price of coal in New-York Harbor has been accepted by some of the competitors of that company. The refusal of the freight agents yesterday to order a formal reduction may lead to concessions that will involve all the roads in a war of rates. It was believed by some coal men that a moderate reduction in the tariff now might be beneficial to an attempt to hold rates when the autumn demand developed. A resistance to the natural downward tendency of freight charges may result in a fierce war at a time when the coal companies can fill afford to waste profits. The clamor of the public for coal prices more in accord with the reduced income of every one will not be stayed until fuel becomes cheaper, and the growing competition of the Younger coal companies that the range of prices will be reduced. Cutting below circular Prices is increasing, and buyers of coal will hold off for the better figures that are inevitable when the big combination of coal barons begins to go to pieces. The reduction in rates to the West was inevi-

PRENDERGAST GAINS MORE TIME.

Of Philadelphia; George Staart Smith, of Boston, and Richard D. Scars, who managed the tournament of the Computer of Carter H. Harrison, and Richard D. Scars, who managed the tournament of the cascentrol was postponed by Judge Chellain the execution was postponed by Judge Chellain when he granted leave for luncey proceedings at the midnight session of Thursday last. In court this morning a postponement until 2 o'clock on Thursday, and the country, and the proceedings will occupy anywhere hat As a state proceedings will country anywhere hat a second proceeding will occupy anywhere hat a second process of the country of the greater count

THE TESTIMONY ALL IN. LAIDLAWS STORY AGAIN.

MISS FULLER WAS A SUFFERER FROM ARGUMENTS IN THE HEYERMAN COURT. HE TELLS IT IN HIS SUIT AGAINST RUS-MARTIAL WILL BE MADE TO-DAY.

Amid the theories and evidence so far brought before the public in connection with the death of
Martha J. Fuller, one significant point has been
werlooked. From the first it was evident that no
werlooked. From the first it was evident that no
werlooked are the black of the warship Kearsarge on Roncador Reef on February 2 was continued in
Suilding No. 7, in the Navy Yard, yesterday. When
the court opened the first processary in criminal cases had seriooked. From the list it was evident that he same into garch of the kind necessary in criminal cases had search of the kind necessary in criminal cases had the court opened the first portion of the session was been made among Miss Fuller's office effects for nearly taken up with the reading of the previous the time Norcross was about to hurl the bomb. n made among Mass Funds Some Carety in the previous and among Mass Funds Some Carety in the Domb.

evidence which might tend to throw light on cloud of doubt and uncertainty surrounding her cloud of doubt and uncertainty surrounding her bis own coursel of Company and the calling, by the control of the previous the Domb Mass about to hurly the Domb.

Mr. Laidlaw alleges that Mr. Sage selzed him and put him between himself and Norcross. As a resulting the control of the previous the time Norcross was about to hurly the Domb.

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The Control of the Previous the Domb.

The Control of the Previous the Domb.

The Control of the Previous the Domb.

The Control Certain investigations made yesterday by his own counsel, of Commander Heyerman to take suit of the explosion he was seriously injured, and ath. Certain investigation in the explosion he was seriously injured, and the mitness chair to answer a single question. The is, he says, incapacitated from work for life. Ex-

mained. This circumstance was sent by his employers some time before, and almost up to the day of her to Nicaragua for many years and who has com- to Mr. Sage's office, which was in the Arcade Buildeath. Miss Fuller had suffered from headache and manded the steamship Aguan, was the last witness death, miss runer has ever brought to trial a loss of sleep. If Magee is ever brought to trial a called, and his testimony was thought to be dependent of the office about the same time, cidedly favorable for the defence. His testimony.

Then counsel described how N hysician who had treated Miss Funer for head-che and insomnta will be called to depose to this the currents in the neighborhood of Roncador Reef; it was a plain, straightforward statement of his own Another and even more important circumstance in Magee's favor discovered yesterday is this: The office boy, Burton, has said, and will swear, that at 3 o'clock on the morning of Miss Fuller's death he as that a few hours later; that its rate and directions are particularly statement of his own observations and experiences. He gave proof that the current of the morning might not be the same as that a few hours later; that its rate and directions are particularly statement of his own observations and experiences. He gave proof that the current of the morning might not be the same as that a few hours later; that its rate and directions are particularly statement of his own observations and experiences. He gave proof that the current of the morning might not be the same as that a few hours later; that its rate and directions are particularly statement of his own observations are particularly statement of his own observations are particularly statement of his own observations. tion were so variable and so affected by winds and that it was empty. Yet at about 5:30 that afternoon some one fired a shot from that revolver and left could be relied on for the following one. He also said could be relied on for the following one. He also said that while the reefs of Roncador were broad in extent, there was a comparatively small portion above the water.

and then the Judge-Advocate announced that the testimony was an in, and at his request the court adjourned until 11 a. m. to-day, when, after Captain Adair has read over his testimony and affixed his signature to it, the Judge-Advocate will make his argument, which will be brief. Then Lieutenant-Commander Marix, counsel for Commander Heyerman, will make his defence, which will probably be in writing. If written it must be submitted to the

SET ON FIRE AND HER HULL ENTIRELY BROKEN UP-FRUITLESS TRIP OF THE WRECKING

STEAMER TO THE REEF. Havana, March 27.-The wrecking steamer Orion, which sailed from Boston on March 13 for Ronca-dor Reef for the purpose of saving the stranded zations are now going on in New-York, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Boston, Brooklyn,
Newark, Buffalo, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Cincinnati,
Chicago, and, in fact, in all the important cities
east of the Mississippi, under the careful manageleft of the Kearsarge that was worth saving,
east of the Mississippi, under the careful manage-Orion proceeded on Friday afternoon for this

A dispatch was received yesterday by the Bos-June 23, 24 and 25; the two matinees of prize ton Towboat Company from Havana, saying that the wrecking steamer which the company had sent to Roncalor to Iry to save the Kearsare had found her entirely stripped and partly burned by the people who had descended upon her from the neighboring islands and the Central American coast. These people had come over in small sailing boats and, after carrying away everything of value, had set fire to the old ship's hull.

> LIEUTENANT LYMAN TO BE TRIED NEXT. Washington, March 27.-The Secretary of the Navy has ordered Lieutenant Lyman, who was navigat-ing officer of the Kearsarge at the time she was wrecked, to appear before a court-martial as soon as that now trying Commander Heyerman is finas that now trying Commander Heyerman is in-ished. It has been predicted that a trial of Lieu-tenant Lyman would follow that of Commander Heyerman, as the testimony of the court of inves-tigation clearly showed that the Lieutenant was in charge of the vessel at the time of the disaster.

The first charge prepared against Lieutenant Lyman is that of neglect of duty, there being three specifications, the first of which declares that, on February 2. "Lyman, serving as navigator on board the United States flagship Kearsarge, making pas-sage from Port-au-Prince, Hayti, to Eluchelds (Mosguito Reservation), Nicaragua, failed to personally take an observation for longitude on the morning of said day; and did thereby neglect his duty as navigator of the said vessel." The second specification is to the effect that, on February I, "Lyman, although the weather permitted, neglected to obtain the deviation of the compass of the ship," and the third charges that he also neglected to obtain the deviation on the following day.

The second charge is uimilar to that upon which Commander Heyerman was tried, and is for culpable inefficiency in the performance of duty, the specification under it alleging that February 2, "Lyman, as navigator, well knowing that at about sunset of that day the Kearssarge had nearly run her estimated distance from the 4 o'clock post meridian position, obtained and plotted by him, to the position of Roncador Bank, and well knowing the difficulty of sighting said bank from a safe distance after darkness fell, under the conditions of weather then existing, did fail to advise his commanding officer, as it was clearly his duty to do, to lay a safe course for said vessel to the northward bestered and thereby culpably inciliedent in the performance of his duty as navigator, in consequence of which Kearsarge was run upon Roncador Bank and was stranded." guito Reservation), Nicaragua, failed to personally

TENNIS AT ST. AUGUSTINE.

BEGINNING THE PLAY FOR THE ALL-COMERS TROPHY.

St. Augustine, Fla., March 27 (Special).—The sixth annual tennis tournament for the tropical championship began here to-day. The winner of the all-comers' contest secures a handsome prize as his personal property, and then challenges Frederic M. Grimstead, the well-known English player, the present holder of the silver trophy representing the championship. This trophy, which is a large the championship. This trophy, which is a large, the championship. This trophy, which is a large, sterling silver model of the ancient city gates here, was offered by the St. Augustine Tennis Club, when it was founded in 1885, by L. Harrison Dulles, of Philadelphia; George Stuart Smith, of Boston, and Richard D. Sears, who managed the tourna-

SELL SAGE.

EXVESTIGATIONS INTO HER MYSTERIOUS DEATH | CAPTAIN JOHN ADAIR DESCRIBES THE SHIFTING | TESTIMONY THAT THE BANKER USED HIM AS A SHIELD - \$50,000 OF DAM-

a Tribune reporter tend considerated to weaken
the case for the prosecution and to support the case for the prosecution was:

The case for the prosecution and to support the case for the prosecution was:

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The case for the prosecution and to support the defence will adopt the interests of Russell Sage.

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The case for the prosecution and to support the defence will adopt the support the s

Then counsel described how Norcross gained entrance to Mr. Sage and gave him the note in which he demanded \$1,200,000.

"What ought Mr. Sage have done?" thundered ex-Judge Davis. "I will tell you what he should have done. He should not have allowed this plaintiff to enter the room at the moment. The interests of humanity and justice demanded that, knowing there was a lunatic in his presence, he should have told Laidiaw he was engaged and to come around again. He allowed Laidiaw to come into the room, even pulled open the door for him. It seems impossible to me that any man possessing the ordinary feelings of humanity should have acted as Mr. Sage did, If there was to be a victim there was no necessity for involving others besides himself in destruction. What did Sage do? He came up and shook Laidlaw by the hand and asked him how he was."

W. "Are you a married man?" asked Mr. Choate.
"Yes, sir," replied Laidiaw.
"Have you children." asked Mr. Choate.
Here Colonel James sprang up and excitedly said:
object. The question has no bearing on the

Mr. Choate here asked the plaintiff to produce the foreign substances which were taken from his tody after the explosion. These were handed to the jury and consisted of pieces of leather and courses, supposed to be parts of the bag Norcress held in his hands.

The witness then described his sufferings in St. Vincent's Hospital. Laidhaw also showed the cast and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and the standburg and trousers he were worked to the foreign of the Music Standburg and the content of the Business Mental Democrated Association, Walter Standburg the cross-examination.

KEENAN PAYS THE JUDGMENT.

A eatisfaction of Judgment was entered yesterday in the County Clerk's office showing that the judgment for \$3.800 which George P. Upington, the lottery dealer, secured in November last against John Keenan, the former ealer in the County Democratey Organization, has been paid. The amount of the judgment as satisfied is \$3.852. The length of the Judgment and the produce Exchange said that he had been a member of the Produce Exchange said that the had been a member of the Produce Exchange said that the had been a member of the Produce Exchange said that the had been a member of the Judgment to 12,000, in Increase of \$1,000 on what his prediction of the Judgment to \$2,000 an

father, Seth Abbott, a well-known resident of Minneapolis, the income for life of \$100,000, which Minneapolis, the income for life of \$100,000, which was deposited with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, of this city, to be paid to him at the rate of \$100 a month. Mr. Abbott had not been successful in his business ventures. Claims and judgments in the West had accumulated against him to a large amount. It has been held by the courts that this trust income was beyond the reach of Mr. Abbott's creditors, especially those living outside of the State of New-York. Under a recent statute giving rights against non-residents like Mr. Abbott in New-York, Oliver C. Semple, of No. & Wall-st., began an action in equity on behalf of a Minnesota creditor to reach so much of Mr. Abbott's monthly allowance as was not necessary for his support, and after much delay and difficulty he has obtained a decision that the Trust Company must retain \$120 each month from Mr. Abbott, and pay it toward the creditor's claim.

An order has been signed by Justice O'Brien, of the Supreme Court, appointing William H. Willis referee to pass upon the application made by Susan referee to pass upon the application made by Susan L. Vivian, formerly the wife of Marshall O. Roberts, for an allowance of \$6,999 a year for the support of her son Marshall O. Marshall O. Roberts died in 1880. By his will \$5,999 a year was to be applied to the support of the son when he became applied to the support of the son when he became applied to years old, and \$12,000 when he became twenty-one years old. Mrs. Roberts is now the wife of Colonel Raiph Vivian, and lives in England.

John L. Cadwalader was appointed special guardian of the boy in this proceeding.

BITS OF LEGAL NEWS.

An order was granted yesterday by Justice O'Brien, of the Supreme Court, permitting the New-York Female Asylum for Lying-in Women to change its name to the Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital. The hospital, which was situated for forty years in Marion-st., is now in Second-ave.

Miss Clara Price, the school teacher, has won her suit against Ganun & Parsons, the opticians, which has been on trial for several days before Judge Sedgwick, of the Superior Court, and a jury. A verdict for \$750 was given vesterday in her favor. The suit was for \$5,000 damages for alleged injury to her sight, through the emproper construction of a pair

sight, through the amproper construction of a pair of eyeglasses.

Deputy Sheriff Walgering yesterday arrested Adolf Forst and locked him up in Ludlow Street Jail on an order of arrest issued by Judge Giegerich, of the Court of Common Pleas. The order was granted because Forst refused to be examined in an action brought by Joseph and Harry Levene, judgment creditors, against "Joe" Roffis, Julius Lester and Simon Weinham, Judgment debtors. Forst was ordered to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt of court, but he took no notice of the order. He was committed to the county jail for thirty days and fined \$77.

tions
Common Pleas—General Term—Adjourned for the term.
Common Pleas—Trial Term—Part I.—Refore Beokstaver,
J. Nos 794, 2561, 2085, 1176, 1272, 1289, 1424, 725, 1333,
1886, 1896, 1717, 1884, 1519, 1709, 1521, Clear,
Common Pleas—Trial Term—Parts II and III—Adjourned for the term,
City Court—Special Term—Hefore Fitzsimons, J.—Mo-

D. GBEIEN AND A. MEAKIM APPOINTED.

TOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE AND THE

puspicion of having fired the snot which ended the first course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness set in, and what distance would that course take you from the bay in passing in astart darkness at in passing in astart darkness at in passing in astart darkness and Plincon represented Mr. Laid-law.

Russell Sage was not in court when ex-Judge of Markets, to succeed Charles J. McGree Both Mr. Auditar, and Alexin Clerk darkness at in passing in astart darkness at the passing in astart darkness and Plincon represented Mr. Laid-law.

Russell Sage was not in court when ex-Judge of Markets, to succeed Charles J. McGree Both Mr. Callina A. Sullivan, and Alexin Charles A. Sullivan, and



New-York about fifty-five years ago, and has done

bloved by John Bloodgood & Co. since he was a low.

"Are you a married man," asked Mr. Choate.
"Yes, sir," replied Laidiaw.
"Have you children?" asked Mr. Choate.
Here Colonel James syrrang up and excitedly said:
"I object. The question has no bearing on the cause."

Mr. Choate, with a smile, replied; "Oh, if you object to his having children I will withdraw the question."

The witness then described his business relations with Mr. Sare. He had been in the habit of visiting his office every day transacting matters of business. "Mr. Sage always received me as a business man and was never friendly."

"The witness then described his business relations with Mr. Sare. He had been in the habit of visiting his office every day transacting matters of business." "An abusiness man and was never friendly."

"No, sir, never previous to the explosion," replied the witness. He witness was specking Mr. Sare came into court and took a weat near my to me and shook hands."

"I entered the office of Mr. Sage," said he, "and found him talking to a well-dressed man. After a few moments be came up to me and shook hands."

Just as the witness was specking Mr. Sage came into court and took a seat near his counsel. Laiding when talk how, after the explosion, he found himsel flying on top of Mr. Sage near the Rectors. Wr. Choate, E. Brack Mr. Choate here asked the plaintiff to produce."

Mr. Choate here asked the plaintiff to produce.

EMMA ABBOTT'S FATHER MUST PAY.

A care of some interest, growing out of the will of Miss Emma Abbott, has been decided by Julge Truax in the Supreme Court. Miss Abbott left to her father. Seth Abbott, a well-known and the largest growers have not given up hopes. George C. Moore, the president of the Queen Anne Fruit Exchange, of Talbot County, who yesterday and for day rode through orchards containing over 20,000 trees, telegraphs the following: "It is impossible to the president of the Abbott, a well-known and the containing over 20,000 trees, telegraphs the following: "It is impossible to the president of the president of the Queen Anne Fruit Exchange, of Talbot County, who yesterday and for day rode through orchards containing over 20,000 trees, telegraphs the following: "It is impossible to the president of tell at this early date whether the peaches are hurt much or not. Trees were in full blossom in February, 1891, and much earlier advanced than now. There were heavy frosts in every stage of the peach until May 7, when peaches were the size of full-ripe cherries, and on that date there was a heavy frost and ice as thick as a window-pane.

Still a big cran followed.

County state that the cold snap of the last few days has worked havoc to the grape crop. An examina-tion of several vineyards yesterday shows that the frost of Saturday night injured the buds to a con-siderable extent, but hopes were entertained that at least half a crop would be harvested. Another freeze-up last night completed the work of destruction, and to-day thousands of acres of vineyard are totally wiped out so far as this season's crop is con cerned. Over \$6,00,000 of capital is invested in this industry in Northern Chautauqua. The work of harvesting and preparing the fruit for market gives employment to several thousand people, and the income derived from this source is greater than that of manufacturing industries of the entire grapes

income derived from this source is greater than that of manufacturing industries of the entire grape belt.

Wilmington, N. C., March 27.—Reports from this section concerning the effect of frost and freezing last night are disheartening. There has been wide-spread disaster to truck, nearly all vegetables above ground being destroyed. A farmer estimates the damage along the line of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad between Wilmington and Goldsboro', a distance of eighty-four miles, at about \$100,000. Telegrams were received to-day at the headquarters of the Atlantic Coast Line, this city, from all points on their system of roads, and all are of the anottenor as to the terrible effect of the weather official of the Coast Line estimates the damage in sections traversed by roads of that system at not less than \$1,000,000.

Kansas City, Mo., March 27.—Sunday night's cold snap was the most severe one on record during March since the establishment of the Signal Service-Bureau in this city. Reports from Southern Missouri and Kansas indicate that the early fruits and vegetables have all been hipped in the bud.

Danville, Va., March 27.—The cold snap has played havoc in this section. All kinds of fruit are greatly damaged. Peach trees were in full bloom. Many to-bacco plant beds are seriously injured.

Fredericksburg, Va., March 27.—The mercury went down to thirty degrees this morning, and a general freeze occurred all through the trucking district. The loss to the farmers can scarcely be estimated as yet, but it will amount to thousands of dollars. The crops most affected are peas, cucumbers, strawberries, lettuce, beans, potatoes and early cabbage.

ARBITRATION AGREED TO BY STRIKERS.

The Church Association for the Advancement of the Interest of Labor, or, as it is more frequently called, "C. A. I. L." has appointed a committee consisting of Bishop Potter, Seth Low, Mrs. Joseph-Supreme Court—General Term—Recess.
Supreme Court—Chambers—Refore O'Brien, J.—Court opens at 10:30 a. m. Motion calendar called at 11 a. m. Supreme Court—Special Term—Part I—Before Andrews. J.—Supreme Court—Special Term—Part II—Before Russell, 1100, 110, 113-113, 112, 113-114, 110, 116-116, 110, 10:24, 10:31, 10:31, 113-31, 1

to have a committee begin a searching investigation

WARDENS AND VESTRYMEN.

RESULTS OF EASTER ELECTIONS IN PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.

The following is an additional list of wardens and vestrymen elected in Protestant Episcopal churches in this city and its vicinity:

Trinity-Wardens-Stephen P. Nash and Henry Drisler. Vestrymen-Charles H. Contolt, John H. Caswell, Thomas Egleston, Walter H. Lewis, Thomas L. Ogden, Bowle Dash, Stephen V. R. Cruger, William Jay, Edmund D. Randolph, Hermann H. Cammann, George A. Robbins, George M. Cott, Elihu Chauncey, Richard Delafield, William W. Astor, Frederick Clarkson, Ebenezer K Labillaw. St. Bartholomew's-Wardens-William H. Appleton and

worth and Anson W. Hard.

St. Thomas's-Wardens-Daniel T. Hoag and George Mactuiloch Miller. Vestrymen-John H. Watson, James C. Fargo, Henry H. Cook, Joseph W. Hafper, Harris C. Fahnestock, William Seward Webb, John T. Atterbury and Colember 19, 120 (1998). Fahnestock, William Seward Webb, John T. Atterbury and Colonel G. L. Gillespie. Heavenly Rest-Wardens-E. Le Roy Ferry and Dr.

Frederick Humphreys, Vestrymen-David H. Decker, Dr. John C. Jay, John H. Glover, David C. Leech, Anson Phelps Stokes, Richard Brown, Charles De Kay Town-send and H. Walter Webb. St. George's-Wardens-John Pierpont Morgan and John Noble Stearns, Vestrymen-William H. Schleffelin, R. Fulton Cutting, Charles Edward Tracy, Frederic H.

Betts, William Lanman Buil, Wager Swayne, William Foulke and Seth Low.

St. James's-Wardens-Thomas Rutter and Walter Suriver. Vestrymen-Thomas P Fowler, Charles F. Shirver. Carly Heart House B. Cowing, Frederick S. Salisbury, John D. Flower, Joseph H. Sterling and Ger-

Holy Trinity, Harlem-Wardens-Frederick A. Black and Leander H. Crall. Vestrymen-John Carstensen. te Wuppermann, Robert W. Smith, Edward Town-Alexander Wilson, John A. Hiltner, Henry M. Day and William R. Beal.

Day and William R. Beal.

St. Ann's-Wardens-P. P. Dickinson and W. Jewett.
Vestrymen-W. O. Fitzgerald, H. J. Haight, J. H. Reed,
E. F. Coward, F. C. Withers, J. H. Comer, W. Speiden St. Matthew's-Wardens-James H. Falconer and Charles N. Lee, Vestrymen-M. W. Larendon, Timothy Hogan, Edward Berry, A. W. Kelly, F. W. Perry, Ira B. Stewart,

Edward Berry, A. W. Kelly, W. Fried, M. Edward Barnes and J. S. Sutphen, Jr. St. Clement's-Wardens-G. W. Faber and P. J. Shults. Vestrymen-Dr. John N. Beekman, S. Nicholson Kane, W. P. Stephenson, Professor Thomas Rickey and Dr. John

BROOKLYN.
St. Mary's-Wardens, W. H. Pars and W. H. Male,
Vestrymen-James Pavidson, J. W. Shepard, J. Sherlock
Davis, James C. Staples, James Smith, Richard C. eall, Frank L. Townsend and Frederick C. Cortis. St. Peter's-Wardens-John T. Walker and Silas M. Giddings. Vestrymen-William F. Tiemann, Frederick T. Sterman, George W. Hall, Robert B. Atterbury, Henry (). Hill, George Ramsey, J. Lawrence Marcellus

Carshaw. Vestrymen-William T. Brown, Albert Perrin, Henry R. Angus, Niels C. Heidenheim, Warrell orn, John W. Clark, Arthur C. Buildey and Robert

Andrew J. Cunningham. Vestrymen George A. Bradley Charles A. Decker, John G. Marshall, William J. North ridge. Dr. Henry B. Reed, Joseph S. Thayer, Charles H. Townsend and Charles S. Whitney.
St. Harnabas's-Wardens-George W. Hartt and George M. Goodwin, Vestrymen-Charles G. Bennett, John Morgan, Prank Hyde, Bansel N. Whitney, Frederick W. Townrow, G. Llayd Thomas, Frederick Alfred and Joseph

SUBURBAN.

Matthew's, Jersey City-Wardens-Robert H. Riddick and Thomas H. Hall. Vestrymen-W. H. F. Crocheron, William E. Bournes, J. B. S. Chadburn, Albert Ensor, Joseph M. Rector, Alfred Sharpe and Will-

Luke's, Montelair-Wardens-D. N. Force and F. George I. Wichman and George Batten. st. James's, Upper Montclair-Wardens-William H. Fower and W. Huntington, Vestrymen-Auguste J. Varno, William H. Parsons, Charles Bull, Charles Rich-

ards, William H. Littell, Ira C. Chace, F. B. Littlejohn

ELLE TIONS IN SEVERAL JERSEY CHURCHES.
Red Eank, N. J., March 27 (Special).—Easter elections resulted as follows:

Trinity Episcopal Church, Red Bank—Wardens—William H. Grant and H. H. Curtis, Vestrymen—J. E. Allaire, Thomas Voorhees, W. S. Jones, W. C. Nicholas, Robert Clay, C. S. Beckless and H. B. Vandorn, Christ Episcopal Church, Shrewsbury—Wardens—Theodore Sickles and William R. Stevens, Vestrymen—F. C. Van Vliet, R. H. White, E. C. Hazard, Harry Campbell, G. D. Tallman, G. W. Barlow, E. C. Fiedler and B. J. Parker.

CHURCH ELECTIONS IN CONNECTICUT.

Westport, Conn., March 27 (Special).—Easter elections in four Episcopal churches, in Westport and near towns resulted as follows:
Christ Church, Westport—Wardens—Edward H. Nash and Andrew C. Nash, Vestrymen—Oscar I. Jones, Charles L. Wilson, H. E. Sherwood, Myron B. Fitch, Charles H.

Jones, Charles Fable, Lloyd Nash, Thomas Hill, George A. Parrow, John F. Gorham, George S. Adams, and Robert Coley, Delegates—Edward H. and Andrew C. Nash, Memorial Church of the Holy Trinity-Wardens-William L. Coley and John S. Jones, Vestrymen-Ambrose S. Huributt, Charles H. Taylor, William E. Sturges, Elliphalet Gray, Charles H. Fairchild, Robert K. Gault, William L. Taylor, William G. Staples, Frank N. Taylor, Marcus D. Hale and John H. Bennett. Delegates-W. L. Taylor and W. G. Staples. St. Paul's, Norwalk-Wardens-Allen Betts and E. K

Lockwood, Vestrymen-Charles T. Leonard, George Ward Selleck, Daniel C. Nash, Legrand Jackson, Homer Mer-rill, Frederick N. Moore, Robert G. Hanford, Stephen H. Smith and Oscar N. Raymond. Delegates—Allen Betts and James T. Hall. St. Paul's, Fairfield-Wardens-William B. Glover and

Edward W. Harrall, Vestrymen-Charles B. Jennings, Henry S. Glover, F. J. Kingsbury, jr.; Charles Ruthlege, H. L. Mills, John Nichols and G. Herbert Knapp, Delegates—W. B. Glover and E. W. Harrall.

MRS. VOEGTLIN GETS A DIVORCE. St. Paul, Minn., March 27 (Special).-Judge Jones,

at Sioux Falls, S. D., this afternoon granted a decree of absolute divorce to Mrs. Emile Voegtlin from Arthur Voegtlin, both of New-York. The plaintiff has been here over a year, going under the name of Varian, to keep her aged parents from knowing of her domestic trouble. The defendant, who is a well-known scenic painter, came here from New-York with an attorney, and fought the case. The complaint was desertion. BELVA WANTS TO PRACTISE IN VIRGINIA.

Richmond, Va., March 27.-Belva A. Lockwood, Richmond, Va., March 27.—Belva A. Lockwood, the Washington female attorney, applied to-day to qualify to practise in the Circuit Court of Henrico County, Judge Wellford denied the application, holding that it was against all precedents for a woman to practise in the courts of the Commonwealth. He subsequently agreed to take the matter under consideration. Two sessions of the Virginia Legislature have refused to pass a bill allowing women to practise in the State courts.

SILVERMAN GETS BACK HIS ESTATE. Chicago, March 27 .- County Judge Scales yesterday entered an order which gives back to Lazarus Silverman, the banker, his estate, valued at \$1,730,000. Silverman, the banker, his estate, valued at \$1,730,000. The banker has made arrangements with his creditors to pay one-half cash, and give his notes for the other half. His outstanding obligations amount now to only \$240,000, fully secured. He is required to take no deposits until all his notes are paid. Mr. Silverman created great surprise in the financial world by making as assignment last August.

CLOSING PRICES OF SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS.

WHERE REFORM IS NEEDED

THE SHERIFF'S ENORMOUS INCOME.

PROVISIONS OF A BILL TO AMEND THE PRESENT LAW-IT IS FAVORED BY THE CITY CLUB-

INTERESTING FIGURES. The Tribune has frequently called attention to the exorbitant fees of the Sheriff of this county and has earnestly urged the enactment of a law to reduce them to a reasonable amount. There is no reason for permitting this particular officer to amass a fortune every year at the expense of the taxpayers. A bill to reduce the fees from the extravagant proportions which they have reached has been intro-duced in the Senate by Colonel Robertson and in the Assembly by Mr. Sheffield, and has received the hearty approval of the City Club. It increased the Sheriff's salary from \$12,000 to \$15,000 a year, but requires all fees to be paid into the City Treasury, and to remain there. Under existing law more than half of the fees come back to the Sheriff. The Club give reasons, with accompanying figures, for the passage of the bill, as follows:

the passage of the bill, as follows:

Almost from time immemorial it has been a matter of common knowledge that the Sheriff of New-York County received annually a very large income from his office, but until 1888 there was some justification for this, because very heavy pecuniary responsibility attached to the office. By Chapter 88 of the Laws of 1888 the Code of Civil Procedure was so amended as to put it in the power of the Sheriff to relieve himself from all liability, and with this disappearance of liability all excuse or justification for an abnormally large income also disappeared.

sheriff to releve himself from all fablity, all accuse or justification for an abnormally large income also disappearard.

In 1830 a committee of the State Senate, engages in a general investigation of the affairs of this city, entered into an examination of the methods and affairs of the Sheriff's effice, which resulted in the preparation and passage of the act now sought to be amended.

The Sheriff was to receive an annual salary from the city treasury of \$12,090, which was to compensate him for "summoning jurors, transporting prisoners, certifying the number of convictions for crimes to the Secretary of State, and for all other services performed by him either for the State of New-York or for the city and county of New-York," in addition to which he was to retain one-half of the fees received by him for services in legal proceedings, which fees were set forth at length in the seventeenth section of the act.

The Under Sheriff was to receive a salary of \$5,000 per annum, each deputy sheriff \$2,500, each assistant deputy sheriff \$1,609 and the Sheriff's counsel \$5,000, All of these salarles, as well as those of his clerks and other employes, and all the expenses of his clerks and other employes, and all the expenses of his clerks and other employes, and assistants, and approached to the same act the fees to be paid out of the city treasury. By the same act the fees to be paid out of the city treasury in creased, such increase ranging from 50 per cent to 450 per cent of the former fees. The net result of the act, therefore, was that the Sheriff's fees, he receiving the other half, and the fees themselves are enormously increased.

How this act has worked, so far as the Sheriff is connected, appears from the annual reports of the Controller.

IN 1891. 36,006 CS The Sheriff received a salary of \$12,000 00
There was refunded to him as his share of the fees. 60,578 57

There was expended out of the city treasury for the support of the Sheriff's office. \$118,831.79
There was retained in the treasury out of fees paid in my the Sheriff. \$1,481.56

Net cost to the city for 1862. 867,353 22

There was appropriate for the support of the Sherif's thice, to be paid out of the city treasury
There was retained in the treasury out of fees paid in by the Sheriff. 66,724 22

Net cost to the city for 1803. 54,634 44

SUMMARY FOR YEARS 1801, 1892 AND 1832, Net income of Sheriff. 1174,374 38

Net income of Sheriff. \$174.134 15
Net cost to city. \$174.134 15
Net cost to city. \$160.033 62
There is no reason why any city official should receive an annual income averaging upward of \$58.000, and there are many reasons why no such official should receive such an income.

The proposed bill is to take effect January 1, 1895, who was appointed by the Governor and whose term expires at the date mentioned. Then a new Sheriff will take office to hold for three years, and unless the bill is amended before his term com-mences it will be difficult, if not impossible, to re-

BANK OFFICIALS GO FREE,

Raleigh, N. C., March 27 .- The officers of the Bank of New-Hanover, of Wilmington, N. C., whose failure caused a loss to several New-York banks, are to go free. They were indicted by the Grand Jury of New-Hanover County, the president, Isaac Pares, being charged with making false returns to the State Treasurer. After the impanelling of the jury in this case, the State offered in evidence one of the statements made to the State Treasurer. The defendant's autorneys objected, on the ground that the State desired to introduce a scheiule, which was on the reverse side of a sheet containing the statement, as a part of the statement itself; that this schedule was nothing more than a memorandum, not having been swern to, signed nor attested. The Court sustained the objection, and instructed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty.

Railway

Enropean Advertisemente.

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